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<u>Cover</u>: The Iranian spider-tailed horned viper (*Pseudocerastes urarachnoides*), an outstanding viper, ambushing for prey in its natural habitat, in Ilam province, western Iran. The viper coloration is confused with its background and hard to see. While ambushing for prey the bird prey (species of *Lanius*) is observing the snake's tail, near the head, and the tail propels like a tarantula on the move. The bird is attracted to the "tarantula" and is suddenly caught by the viper and held until its venom kills. The case, a very specialized behavior for attracting prey, is a kind of fatal mimicry. Many biological and ecological aspects of the viper including conservation status, exact distribution, reproductive strategy, annual cycles, molecular systematic, and population genetic are unknown but being investigated by Behzad Fathinia, Razi University, Kermanshah, Iran. *Photograph: Behzad Fathinia*.

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